

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN
Financial Statements
Year Ended December 31, 2025

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

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Year Ended December 31, 2025

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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of the Municipality is responsible for the preparation, accuracy, objectivity and integrity of the accompanying financial statements and all other information contained within this Financial Report. Management believes that the financial statements present fairly the Municipality's financial position as of December 31, 2025, and the results of its operations for the year then ended.

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS). The financial statements include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Such amounts have been determined on a reasonable basis in order to ensure the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has designed and maintains a system of internal controls to produce reliable information and to meet reporting requirements on a timely basis. The system is designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized, and assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management and reliable financial information is available for preparation of the financial statements.

The Municipality's council carries out its responsibilities for review of the financial statements principally through regular council meetings. Council meets regularly with management and external auditors to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters. The external auditors have full access to council with and without the presence of management. The Municipality's council has approved the financial statements.

The financial statements have been audited by the independent firm of Seniuk and Marcato, Chartered Professional Accountants, external auditors appointed by the Municipality. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Municipality's financial statements.

Tony Sonnleitner, CAO

Spruce Grove, Alberta
April 09, 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council of Summer Village of Ross Haven

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Summer Village of Ross Haven (the "Municipality"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2025, and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Municipality as at December 31, 2025, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Municipality in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

(continues)

*Denotes professional corporation

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Council of Summer Village of Ross Haven (*continued*)

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Edmonton, Alberta
April 9, 2026


**Seniuk and Marcato,
Chartered Professional Accountants**

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN**Statement of Financial Position****December 31, 2025**

	2025	2024
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and temporary investments (Note 3)	\$ 264,760	\$ 310,569
Restricted cash (Note 3)	170,134	167,212
Current taxes and grants in place of taxes (Note 4)	3,215	9,629
Grants and receivables from other governments (Note 5)	639,674	507,280
Trade and other receivables	25	25
Debt charges recoverable (Note 7)	535,174	-
	1,612,982	994,715
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	152,725	9,178
Deferred revenue (Note 9)	493,165	652,409
Long term debt (Note 8)	543,931	-
	1,189,821	661,587
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	423,161	333,128
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid expenses	-	2,060
Tangible capital assets (Note 6)	4,122,451	3,266,511
	4,122,451	3,268,571
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 4)	\$ 4,545,612	\$ 3,601,699

COMMITMENTS (Note 15)

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL_____
Mayor_____
Councillor

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN
Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus
Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Budget 2025	Total 2025	Total 2024
REVENUES			
Net municipal taxes (Schedule 1)	\$ 417,058	\$ 1,095,812	\$ 397,933
User fees	2,300	1,973	2,362
Government transfers for operating (Schedule 2)	23,478	25,198	30,164
Investment income	7,000	30,192	7,135
Penalties and costs of taxes	150	1,337	1,531
	449,986	1,154,512	439,125
EXPENSES			
Administration and legislative	275,083	115,884	110,409
Protective services	41,159	45,298	43,884
Roads, streets, walks and lighting	48,800	128,537	123,501
Water supply and distribution	70,589	121,540	122,533
Land use planning, zoning and development	4,455	5,669	5,610
Recreation and culture	9,900	63,082	43,577
	449,986	480,010	449,514
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) FROM OPERATIONS	-	674,502	(10,389)
OTHER INCOME			
Government transfers for capital (Schedule 2)	-	258,815	-
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	10,595	-
	-	269,410	-
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	-	943,912	(10,389)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,601,699	3,601,699	3,612,088
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,601,699	\$ 4,545,612	\$ 3,601,699

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN
Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets
Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Budget 2025	2025	2024
ANNUAL SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$ -	\$ 943,912	\$ (10,389)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	-	69,506	64,792
Additions to capital assets	-	(925,448)	(44,631)
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	-	10,595	-
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets	-	(10,595)	-
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	-	2,060	(2,060)
	-	(853,882)	18,101
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	-	90,030	7,712
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	333,128	333,128	325,416
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR (Note 13)	\$ 333,128	\$ 423,161	\$ 333,128

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN**Statement of Cash Flows****Year Ended December 31, 2025**

	2025	2024
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Annual surplus (deficit) for the year	\$ 943,912	\$ (10,389)
Items not affecting cash:		
Amortization	69,508	64,791
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets	(10,595)	-
	1,002,825	54,402
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Grants and receivables from other governments	(132,394)	(94,175)
Current taxes and grants in place of taxes	6,414	(6,406)
Accounts payable	143,548	(5,385)
Deferred revenue	(159,244)	85,671
Prepaid expenses	2,060	(2,060)
Trade and other receivables	-	5,268
	(139,616)	(17,087)
Cash flow from operating activities	863,209	37,315
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets	(925,448)	(44,631)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	10,595	-
Repayment of debt charges recoverable	164,826	-
Addition of debt charges recoverable	(700,000)	-
Cash flow used by capital activities	(1,450,027)	(44,631)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash	(2,922)	697
Decrease (increase) in term deposits	-	252,091
Cash flow from (used by) investing activities	(2,922)	252,788
Financing activities		
Increase (decrease) in long term debt	543,931	-
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW	(45,809)	245,472
Cash - beginning of year	310,569	65,097
CASH - END OF YEAR (Note 3)	\$ 264,760	\$ 310,569

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN
Schedule of Property and Other Taxes
Year Ended December 31, 2025

(Schedule 1)

	Budget (Unaudited) 2025	2025	2024
TAXATION			
Real property tax	\$ 615,968	\$ 538,512	\$ 521,872
Special assessments	-	756,210	56,210
	615,968	1,294,722	578,082
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta school foundation	182,739	182,739	164,061
Seniors' housing requisition	16,171	16,171	16,088
	198,910	198,910	180,149
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	\$ 417,058	\$ 1,095,812	\$ 397,933

Schedule of Government Transfers
Year Ended December 31, 2025

(Schedule 2)

TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING			
Provincial Government	\$ 23,478	\$ 25,198	\$ 30,164
	23,478	25,198	30,164
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL			
Provincial Government	-	258,815	-
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ 23,478	\$ 284,013	\$ 30,164

Schedule of Expenditures by Object
Year Ended December 31, 2025

(Schedule 3)

	Budget (Unaudited) December 2025	December 2025	December 2024
EXPENSES			
Salaries, wages & benefits	\$ 11,000	\$ 100,668	\$ 104,093
Contracted and general services	220,804	234,844	219,569
Materials, goods and utilities	50,100	54,402	54,250
Transfer to local boards and agencies	7,100	8,240	6,811
Interest on long term debt	-	12,348	-
Amortization	-	69,508	64,791
Total Expenditures by Object	\$ 289,004	\$ 480,010	\$ 449,514

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Schedule of Changes in Accumulated Surplus

(Schedule 4)

Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Unrestricted Surplus	General Restricted Surplus	Lagoon & Wastewater Restricted Surplus	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	2025 Total	2024 Total
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 21,174	\$ 105,000	\$ 209,015	\$ 3,266,511	\$ 3,601,700	\$ 3,612,089
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	943,912	-	-	-	943,912	(10,389)
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets	(925,448)	-	-	925,448	-	-
Annual amortization expense	69,508	-	-	(69,508)	-	-
Acquisition of long term debt	550,000	-	-	(550,000)	-	-
Principal repayments on long term debt	(6,069)	-	-	6,069	-	-
Acquisition of debt charges recoverable	(700,000)	-	-	700,000	-	-
Repayment of debt charges recoverable	164,826	-	-	(164,826)	-	-
	96,729	-	-	847,183	943,912	(10,389)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 117,903	\$ 105,000	\$ 209,015	\$ 4,113,694	\$ 4,545,612	\$ 3,601,700

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN
Schedule of Segmented Disclosure
Year Ended December 31, 2025

(Schedule 5)

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Environmental Services	Other	Total
REVENUE								
Net municipal taxes	\$ 1,095,812	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,095,812
Government transfers	17,078	-	-	-	8,120	-	-	25,198
User fees and sales of goods	1,230	-	-	743	-	-	-	1,973
Investment income	30,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,192
Penalties	1,337	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,337
	1,145,649	-	-	743	8,120	-	-	1,154,512
EXPENSES								
Contract and general services	94,843	45,298	7,120	5,669	10,420	71,494	-	234,844
Salaries, wages & benefits	12,924	-	29,248	-	29,247	29,249	-	100,668
Materials, goods and utilities	7,987	-	46,415	-	-	-	-	54,402
Transfer to local boards and agencies	-	-	-	-	8,240	-	-	8,240
Amortization	130	-	45,754	-	2,827	20,797	-	69,508
Interest on long term debt	-	-	-	-	12,348	-	-	12,348
	115,884	45,298	128,537	5,669	63,082	121,540	-	480,010
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses before other	1,029,765	(45,298)	(128,537)	(4,926)	(54,962)	(121,540)	-	674,502
OTHER								
Government transfers for capital	-	-	258,815	-	-	-	-	258,815
Gain/loss on disposal of assets	10,595	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,595
	10,595	-	258,815	-	-	-	-	269,410
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$ 1,040,360	\$ (45,298)	\$ 130,278	\$ (4,926)	\$ (54,962)	\$ (121,540)	\$ -	\$ 943,912

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets

(Schedule 6)

Year Ended December 31, 2025

	Opening Balance	Additions and Transfers	Disposals, Impairments and Transfers	Closing Balance
For the year ended December 31, 2025				
Cost				
Land	\$ 2,094,041	\$ 704,125	\$ -	\$ 2,798,166
Land improvements	138,835	-	-	138,835
Engineered structures	2,309,366	202,346	-	2,511,712
Buildings	423,452	-	-	423,452
Motor vehicles	60,082	-	-	60,082
Machinery and equipment	133,600	18,977	(15,493)	137,084
	5,159,376	925,448	(15,493)	6,069,331
Accumulated Amortization				
Land improvements	(96,575)	(6,143)	-	(102,718)
Buildings	(258,660)	(16,618)	-	(275,278)
Machinery and equipment	(110,985)	(6,058)	15,493	(101,550)
Motor vehicles	(35,889)	(5,377)	-	(41,266)
Engineered structures	(1,390,756)	(35,312)	-	(1,426,068)
	(1,892,865)	(69,508)	15,493	(1,946,880)
Net Book Value	\$ 3,266,511	\$ 855,940	\$ -	\$ 4,122,451

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Cost				
Land	\$ 2,094,041	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,094,041
Land improvements	138,835	-	-	138,835
Engineered structures	2,245,697	42,896	20,773	2,309,366
Buildings	423,452	-	-	423,452
Motor vehicles	60,082	-	-	60,082
Machinery and equipment	131,865	1,735	-	133,600
Assets under construction	20,773	-	(20,773)	-
	5,114,745	44,631	-	5,159,376
Accumulated Amortization				
Land improvements	(89,780)	(6,795)	-	(96,575)
Buildings	(242,042)	(16,618)	-	(258,660)
Machinery and equipment	(105,957)	(5,028)	-	(110,985)
Motor vehicles	(30,513)	(5,376)	-	(35,889)
Engineered structures	(1,359,781)	(30,975)	-	(1,390,756)
	(1,828,073)	(64,792)	-	(1,892,865)
Net Book Value	\$ 3,286,672	\$ (20,161)	\$ -	\$ 3,266,511

Additions to assets under construction are reported net of those tangible capital assets placed in service during the year which are shown in their respective asset classifications.

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Summer Village of Ross Haven (the Municipality) are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS). It is a municipality in the Province of Alberta, Canada and operates under the provisions of the Municipal Government Act, R.S.A., 2000, c. M-26, as amended (MGA). Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Municipality are as follows:

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are accounted for in the period in which they are earned and measurable. Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of the goods and services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed or goods have yet to be provided.

Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed/goods provided, or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Financial instruments

PS3450, Financial Instruments, establishes recognition, measurement, and disclosure requirements for derivative and non-derivative financial instruments. The standard requires fair value measurement of derivatives and equity instruments; all other financial instruments can be measured at cost, amortized cost, or fair value at the election of the government. The standard also requires disclosure of the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and provides clarification on the derecognition of financial liabilities. This standard is applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

Use of Estimates

Certain amounts in the financial statements are subject to measurement uncertainty and are based on the Municipality's best information and judgment. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Examples of significant estimates include:

- estimated accrued receivables;
- estimated useful lives of assets;
- impairment of long-term assets; and
- estimated accrued payables.

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SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Segment Disclosures

The Schedule of Segment Disclosures – Schedule 5 has been prepared in accordance with PS2700 Segment Disclosures. Segment disclosures are intended to enable users to better understand the government reporting entity as well as the major expense and revenue activities of the Municipality. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent amounts directly or reasonably attributable to the segment.

The segments have been selected on a basis consistent with the presentation adopted for municipal financial planning and budgeting processes.

- General Government is comprised of municipal administration and council governance;
- Protective Services is comprised of police, traffic safety, bylaw enforcement and fire rescue;
- Transportation Services is comprised of roadway and parking services;
- Environmental Services is comprised of water, sewage, and garbage services;
- Planning and Development is comprised of related services for the betterment of the Municipality; and
- Recreation and Culture is comprised of parks, community, and family services.

Cash and short term investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and short term investments maturing within 90 days from the date of purchase, are capable of reasonably prompt liquidation, and may be used to manage the Municipality's cash position throughout the year.

Investments

Investments in derivatives and equity instruments quoted in an active market are carried at fair value with transaction costs expensed upon initial recognition. Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of, the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the statement of operations. Investments in interest-bearing securities are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net-present-value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

Land Inventory for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services, roads, sidewalks, and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

Inventory

Inventory is measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventory includes all costs to purchase, convert, and bring the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined using specific identification for major equipment and the weighted-average cost formula for all other inventory items. Inventory valuation reserves are maintained for inventory that is slow moving or obsolete.

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SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Loans Receivable

Loans receivable are initially recognized at cost, net of any transaction costs, with interest income recognized using the effective interest method. Loans receivable are subsequently measured at amortized cost net of any valuation allowances.

Debt Charges Recoverable

Debt charges recoverable consist of amounts borrowed under long term debt that are recoverable under loans or other financial arrangements. These debt recoverable amounts are recorded at an amount related to outstanding long term debt balances. Loans are recorded at the lower of cost and net recoverable value. A valuation allowance in the debt recoverable is recognized when there is no longer any reasonable assurance of collection.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization and are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis at the following rates:

Land improvements	15-20 years
Buildings	25 years
Machinery and equipment	10 years
Motor vehicles	10 years
Engineered structures - roadways	20-25 years
Engineered structures - wastewater system	45 years

The Municipality regularly reviews its tangible capital assets to eliminate obsolete items.

Government transfers related to tangible capital assets are recognized as revenue when the related expenditures are incurred and are reported within the applicable capital asset function.

Tangible capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and are also recorded as revenue.

Cultural and Historical Tangible Capital Assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

Non-Financial Assets

Assets are classified as either financial or non-financial. Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed or developed assets that do not normally provide resources to discharge existing liabilities but are employed to deliver government services, may be consumed in normal operations and are not for resale in the normal course of operations.

(continues)

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Impairment of long lived assets

The Municipality tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected future net cash flows that the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeds its fair value.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue comprises funds received in advance of services performed or where the use of funds is externally restricted. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the period the service is performed or when the funds are used for the purpose specified. When agreements stipulate that interest earned on contributions should be restricted for a specific purpose, that interest is treated as a contribution received and recorded as an addition to deferred revenue.

Deposits

Deposits are held for the purposes of securing the compliance of a third party to contractual stipulations. Deposits are returned when compliance with contractual stipulations is determined. Deposits are recognized as revenue when a third party defaults on the contractual stipulations that the deposits were securing against.

Long term Debt

Long term debt is initially recognized net of any premiums, discounts, fees and transaction costs, with interest expense recognized using the effective interest method. Long term debt is subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Reserves and Equity in Tangible Capital Assets

Certain amounts, as approved by Council, are designated within accumulated surplus as reserves for future operating and capital expenditures.

Equity in tangible capital assets is included within accumulated surplus. It represents the investment in tangible capital assets after deducting the portion financed by long term debt.

Tax Revenue

Annually, the Municipality bills and collects property tax revenues for municipal purposes. Tax revenues are based on market value assessments determined in accordance with the Municipal Government Act (MGA) and annually established tax rates. Municipal tax rates are set each year by the Municipality's Council in accordance with legislation and the Municipality's Council-approved policies. The purpose is to raise the funds required to provide municipal services and to meet requisition obligations. Tax revenues are recorded at the time tax billings are issued. Property assessments are subject to tax appeal. Expenses related to tax appeals and allowances are separately disclosed in the Schedule of Property and Other Taxes.

The Municipality also bills and collects education tax on behalf of the Province of Alberta (the Province). Education tax rates are established by the Province each year in order to fund the cost of education on a province-wide basis. Education taxes collected are remitted to the Province and are excluded from revenues and expenses in the Schedule of Property and Other Taxes (Schedule 1).

(continues)

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Revenue recognition

PS3400, Revenue establishes standards on how to account for and report on revenue, specifically in regard to revenue arising from transactions with performance obligations (exchange transactions) and those without performance obligations (non-exchange transactions). This standard is applicable for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

Requisition Over-levy and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual property tax levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned.

If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levies or under-levies of the prior year.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of monetary assets or tangible capital assets from other orders of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction and for which there is no expectation of repayment or direct financial return to the transferor in the future. The Municipality receives government transfers from the Federal and Provincial governments to fund operating and capital expenditures. These transfers to the Municipality are recognized as revenues when the transfers are authorized and all the eligibility criteria, if any, have been met except when and to the extent that the transfer gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability for the recipient. Prior to that time, any amounts received along with restricted interest thereon are recorded as deferred revenue.

Authorized transfers from the Municipality to other organizations or individuals are recorded as an expense when the transfer has been authorized and the eligibility criteria, if any, have been met by the recipient. The majority of transfers made by the Municipality are in the form of tangible capital assets, grants and subsidies.

Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(continues)

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Asset Retirement Obligations

A liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized at the best estimate of the amount required to retire a tangible capital asset at the financial statement date when there is a legal obligation for the Municipality to incur retirement costs, the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred, it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to asset retirement activities, based on information available at year-end. The best estimate of an asset retirement obligation incorporates a present value technique, when the cash flows required to settle or otherwise extinguish an asset retirement obligation are expected to occur over extended future periods.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding asset retirement cost is capitalized to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset. The asset retirement cost is amortized over the useful life of the related asset. Asset retirement obligations which are incurred incrementally with use of the asset are recognized in the period incurred with a corresponding asset retirement cost expensed in the period.

At each financial reporting date, the Municipality reviews the carrying amount of the liability. The Municipality recognizes period-to-period changes to the liability due to the passage of time as accretion expense. Changes to the liability arising from revisions to either the timing, the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows or the discount rate are recognized as an increase or decrease to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset. The Municipality continues to recognize the liability until it is settled or otherwise extinguished. Disbursements made to settle the liability are deducted from the reported liability when they are made.

Contaminated Sites Liability

Contaminated sites are the result of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism in amounts that exceed an environmental standard being introduced into soil, water or sediment. The Municipality recognizes a liability for remediation of contaminated sites when the following criteria have been met:

- an environmental standard exists,
- there is evidence that contamination exceeds an environmental standard,
- the Municipality is directly responsible or accepts responsibility for the contamination,
- it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up, and
- a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made

Sites that are currently in productive use are only considered contaminated sites if an unexpected event results in remediation. In cases where the Municipality's responsibility is not determinable, a contingent liability may be disclosed.

The liability reflects the Municipality's best estimate, as of December 31, of the amount required to remediate non-productive sites to the current minimum standard of use prior to contamination. Where possible, provisions for remediation are based on environmental assessments completed on a site; for those sites where an assessment has not been completed, estimates of the remediation are completed using information available for the site and by extrapolating from the cost to clean up similar sites. The liability is recorded net of any estimated recoveries from third parties. When cash flows are expected to occur over extended future periods the Municipality will measure the liability using present value techniques. This liability is reported in in the Statement of Financial Position.

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Municipality's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt. It is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant currency risks arising from these financial instruments. Tax receivables and requisition over/under-levy are compulsory in nature, rather than contractual, however, the Municipality manages risk exposure on these items similar to other receivables and payables.

The Municipality is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the Municipality's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2025.

Credit risk

The Municipality is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Municipality provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Municipality will be unable to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Municipality is exposed to this risk primarily through its accounts payable and long-term debt. Liquidity risk is managed through the monitoring of cash balances and the timing of property tax collections and other municipal revenues to ensure sufficient funds are available to meet obligations when due.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will affect the Municipality's financial position, potentially increasing borrowing costs or reducing investment income. This risk can indirectly impact taxpayers through higher future funding requirements. It is management's assessment that the municipality is not exposed to this risk in any significant manner.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant other risks arising from these financial instruments.

3. CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH

	2025	2024
Cash	\$ 264,760	\$ 310,569
Restricted cash	170,134	167,212
	\$ 434,894	\$ 477,781

Restricted amounts received from municipal grants and are held exclusively for future approved projects. (Note 9.)

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

4. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable are comprised of:

	2025	2024
Current taxes and grants in place of taxes	\$ 675	\$ 6,788
Arrears taxes and grants in place of taxes	114	415
Taxes under-levy	2,426	2,426
	\$ 3,215	\$ 9,629

5. GRANTS AND RECEIVABLES FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Grants and receivables from other governments are comprised of:

	2025	2024
Canada Community-Building Fund	\$ 125,563	\$ 112,910
Local Government Fiscal Framework	163,256	80,072
Municipal Sustainability Initiative	305,892	305,892
Subtotal	594,711	498,874
Goods and services tax refundable	44,963	8,406
	\$ 639,674	\$ 507,280

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	2025 Net book value	2024 Net book value
Buildings	\$ 423,452	\$ 275,278	\$ 148,174	\$ 164,792
Engineered structures	2,511,712	1,426,068	1,085,644	918,607
Land	2,798,166	-	2,798,166	2,094,041
Land improvements	138,835	102,718	36,117	42,260
Machinery and equipment	137,084	101,550	35,534	22,618
Motor vehicles	60,082	41,266	18,816	24,193
	\$ 6,069,331	\$ 1,946,880	\$ 4,122,451	\$ 3,266,511

For additional information see the Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets. (Schedule 6)

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

7. DEBT CHARGES RECOVERABLE

	2025	2024
Land - 500 Parkings Avenue loan receivable bearing interest at 4.85% per annum, repayable in annual blended payments of \$38,211. The debt charges recoverable matures on December 31, 2049. This asset and associated debt disclosed in Note 8 were incurred to finance the acquisition of the land located at 500 Parkins Avenue.	\$ 535,174	\$ -
	<u>\$ 535,174</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Principal repayment terms are approximately:

2026	\$ 12,269
2027	12,863
2028	13,487
2029	14,141
2030	14,826
Thereafter	<u>467,588</u>
	<u>\$ 535,174</u>

8. LONG TERM DEBT

	2025	2024
Government of Alberta loan bearing interest at 4.49% per annum, repayable in semi-annual blended payments of \$18,416. The loan matures on June 30, 2050 and was secured by the credit and security of the Summer Village at large. This liability and associated debt charges recoverable disclosed in Note 7 were incurred to finance the acquisition of the land located at 500 Parkins Avenue.	\$ 543,931	\$ -

Principal reductions over the next 2 years are approximately:

2026	\$ 12,549
2027	13,119
2028	13,715
2029	14,337
2030	14,988
Thereafter	<u>475,223</u>
	<u>\$ 543,931</u>

Interest on long term debt amounted to \$ 12,348 (2024 - \$ -).

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

9. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue is comprised of:

2025	2024 Balance	Allocations	Disbursements	2025 Balance
Grant Funding				
Canada Community-Building Fund \$	249,998	\$ 15,574	\$ -	\$ 265,572
Municipal Sustainability Initiative - Capital	282,517	-	(258,815)	23,702
Local Government Fiscal Framework - Capital	80,072	83,184	-	163,256
Basic Municipal Transportation Grant	25,674	-	-	25,674
Other grants	4,450	-	-	4,450
	642,711	98,758	(258,815)	482,654
Other Deferred Revenue				
Prepaid Taxes	9,698	813	-	10,511
	\$ 652,409	\$ 99,571	\$ (258,815)	\$ 493,165

2024	2023 Balance	Allocations	Disbursements	2024 Balance
Grant Funding				
Canada Community-Building Fund	232,187	17,811	-	249,998
Municipal Sustainability Initiative - Capital	282,517	-	-	282,517
Local Government Fiscal Framework - Capital	-	80,072	-	80,072
Basic Municipal Transportation Grant	25,674	-	-	25,674
Other grants	4,450	-	-	4,450
	544,828	97,883	-	642,711
Other Deferred Revenue				
Prepaid Taxes	9,329	369	-	9,698
	554,157	98,252	-	652,409

Grant funding is comprised of the funds noted above and is allocated to the Municipality by the Provincial Government as approved by the individual restricted funding agreements. These grants are restricted to specific projects that must be approved per the agreement and are scheduled for completion in the next few years. These funds are recognized as revenue in the period they are used for the purpose specified. Unexpended funds related to the advances, less amounts receivable from the Provincial Government, are supported by restricted cash held exclusively for these projects (refer to Note 3.).

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

10. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits, as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Summer Village of Ross Haven, be disclosed as follows:

	2025	2024
Total debt limit	\$ 1,731,768	\$ 658,688
Total debt	(543,931)	-
Amount of debt limit unused	1,187,837	658,688
Debt servicing limit	288,628	109,781
Debt servicing	(18,416)	-
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ 270,212	\$ 109,781

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the Municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk, if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the Municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

11. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Equity in tangible capital assets is comprised of:

	2025	2024
Tangible capital assets (Note 6.)	\$ 6,069,331	\$ 5,159,376
Accumulated amortization (Note 6.)	(1,946,880)	(1,892,865)
Long term debt (Note 8)	(543,931)	-
Debt charges recoverable (Note 7.)	535,174	-
	\$ 4,113,694	\$ 3,266,511

12. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the Chief Administrative Officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	Salary (1)	Benefits & allowances (2)	2025 Total	2024 Total
R. Hutscal - Mayor	\$ 3,900	\$ -	\$ 3,900	\$ 3,700
D. Brandt - Deputy Mayor	3,200	-	3,200	3,300
L. Chadd - Former Deputy Mayor	800	-	800	3,800
B. Stonehouse - Councillor	2,600	-	2,600	-
Chief Administrative Officer	54,501	-	54,501	51,906
Designated Officers (6)	20,586	-	20,586	19,715
	\$ 85,587	\$ -	\$ 85,587	\$ 82,421

Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria, contract payments, and any other direct cash remuneration.

(continues)

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

12. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE *(continued)*

	Salary (1)	Benefits & allowances (2)	2025 <i>Total</i>	2024 <i>Total</i>
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Benefits and allowances figures also include the employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, financial and retirement planning services, concessionary loans, travel allowances, car allowances and club memberships.

13. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2025	2024
Unrestricted surplus	\$ 117,903	\$ 21,173
Restricted Reserve	105,000	105,000
Reserve - Lagoon/Wastewater	209,015	209,015
Restricted surplus	314,015	314,015
Equity in tangible capital assets	4,113,694	3,266,511
	\$ 4,545,612	\$ 3,601,699

14. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Summer Village of Ross Haven provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 5).

SUMMER VILLAGE OF ROSS HAVEN

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2025

15. COMMITMENTS

The municipality has the following commitments:

The municipality entered into an enforcement services agreement with Lac Ste. Anne County for a five-year term beginning 2023. Under this agreement, Lac Ste. Anne County will provide up to 35 hours of enforcement services per calendar year to the Summer Village, subject to the availability of peace officers.

The municipality is a member of the North 43 Lagoon Commission (the "Commission"), which provides wastewater services to participating municipalities. In 2023, construction of a new wastewater system dedicated to the municipality was fully completed at a total cost of \$3,172,100. Beginning in 2023 and continuing for the next 25 years, the municipality is committed to repaying its share of the debenture and interest.

Total future minimum payments of all commitments are as follows:

2026	\$	24,300
2027		24,442
2028		18,793
2029		18,793
2030		18,793
Thereafter		<u>319,478</u>
	\$	<u>424,599</u>

16. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and management have approved these financial statements.

17. BUDGET AMOUNTS

Budget amounts are included for information purposes only and are not audited.